

## Webquest for Spanish 3H

Hispanic Heritage Month *September 15-October 15*

Famous Hispanic Americans

Name at least 10 famous firsts from Hispanic Americans that you find interesting.

1. nombre: Joseph Marion Hernández

qué ha hecho: él era un miembro de U.S. congreso.

2. nombre: Romualdo Pacheco

qué ha hecho: él era un U.S. representative.

3. nombre: Octaviano Larrazolo

qué ha hecho: él era un U.S. senator.

4. nombre: Romana Acosta Bañuelos

qué ha hecho: él era un U.S. treasurer.

5. nombre: Antonia Coello Novello,

qué ha hecho: Ella era un U.S. surgeon general.

6. nombre: Federico Peña

qué ha hecho: él era un U.S. secretary of transportation.

7. nombre: Henry Cisneros

qué ha hecho: él era un U.S. secretary of housing and urban development.

8. nombre: Alberto Gonzales

qué ha hecho: Era un U.S. attorney general.

9. nombre: Bill Richardson

qué ha hecho: Era un democrat to run for Presidente.

10. nombre: Sonia Sotomayor

qué ha hecho: Ella era un miembro de U.S. supreme court justice.

List 5 words with Spanish origin and their meanings.

1. Lasso = A long rope cowboys use
2. Patio = An outside area connected to a house used for lounging
3. Rodeo = A public exhibition of cowboy skills
4. Albino = A person with pale skin, eyes, and hair
5. Alligator = An animal that is like a crocodile

What is the most common Spanish dialect taught in the U.S. and where does it originate from?

The most common Spanish dialect is standard Latin American. It generates from the mountainous areas or Latin America. Residents of countries such as Mexico, Columbia, Peru, and Bolivia speak Latin American Spanish. This language was brought to the Americas by early colonists in the sixteenth and seventeenth century.

What is "trade winds" Spanish and how does it differ from other dialects of Spanish?

"Trade winds" Spanish is the third major type of Spanish spoken in the Caribbean, coastal areas in Latin America, and in some cases southern Spain. It is different than other Spanish dialects because it drops the "s" sound in order to speak more quickly.

How does Argentinian Spanish differ from other dialects of Spanish? Where is the origination and what makes it different?

Argentinian Spanish is different than others because it uses out-of-date grammar. They use "vos" instead of "tú". It developed in Buenos Aires and parts of Uruguay.

What is Castilian Spanish and how is it different other dialects of Spanish?

The Spanish of Madrid and northern Spain is where Castilian Spanish is spoken. The pronunciation of "ce" and "ci" are pronounced as "th". "Gracias" becomes "gratheas".

